

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

|   |   |
|---|---|
| Product Name  | <b>Copper</b>   |
| Synonyms  | Enriched Copper   |
| Chemical Formula  | Cu  |
| Molecular Weight  | 63.546 g/mol  |
| CAS No.   | 7440-50-8   |
| Supplier Address*   | ISO FLEX USA<br>PO Box 472615<br>San Francisco CA 94147<br>United States                    |
| Telephone   | +1 415-440-4433   |
| Fax   | +1 415-563-4433   |
| Emergency Phone Number<br>(both supplier and<br>manufacturer) | Infotrac/ +1 800-535-5053<br><br>*May include subsidiaries or affiliate companies/divisions |
| Email   | <a href="mailto:iusa@isoflex.com">iusa@isoflex.com</a>                                      |
| Website   | <a href="http://www.isoflex.com">www.isoflex.com</a>  |
| Preparation Information                                       | ISO FLEX USA<br>Product Safety<br>+1 415-440-4433   |

## 2. HAZARDOUS IDENTIFICATION

### Emergency Overview

Appearance: Red to brown. Warning! Can be explosive when exposed to heat or flames. Causes eye and skin irritation. Inhalation of fumes may cause metal-fume fever. May cause lung damage. May cause liver and kidney damage. Causes respiratory tract irritation.

Target Organs: Kidneys, liver, lungs

### Potential Health Effects

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| <i>Eye</i>        | Causes eye irritation.  |
| <i>Skin</i>       | Causes skin irritation. May cause skin discoloration.   |
| <i>Ingestion</i>  | Causes gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause liver and kidney damage.   |
| <i>Inhalation</i> | Dust is irritating to the respiratory tract. Inhalation of fumes may cause metal fume fever, which is characterized by flu-like symptoms with metallic taste, fever, chills, cough, weakness, chest pain, muscle pain and increased white blood cell count. |
| <i>Chronic</i>    | Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis. May cause liver and kidney damage. May cause lung damage.  |

**NFPA Ratings:** (0 = Minimal; 1 = Slight; 2 = Moderate; 3 = Serious; 4 = Severe)

**Health Hazard = 2    Flammability = 1    Reactivity = 0**



**HMIS Ratings:** (0 = Minimal; 1 = Slight; 2 = Moderate; 3 = Serious; 4 = Severe)

**Health Hazard = 2    Flammability = 0    Physical Hazard = 0**

|                            |          |
|----------------------------|----------|
| <b>HEALTH HAZARD</b>       | <b>2</b> |
| <b>FLAMMABILITY</b>        | <b>1</b> |
| <b>PHYSICAL HAZARD</b>     | <b>0</b> |
| <b>PERSONAL PROTECTION</b> | <b>E</b> |

Personal Protection: Safety glasses, gloves, dust respirator

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### 3. COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

|                   |                         |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Product Name      | Copper, Enriched Copper |
| Chemical Formula  | Cu                      |
| Molecular Weight  | 63.546                  |
| CAS No.           | 7440-50-8               |
| EINECS/ELINCS No. | 231-159-6               |
| Hazard Symbols    | None listed             |
| Risk Phrases      | None listed             |

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### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <i>Eyes</i>               | Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid.  |
| <i>Skin</i>               | Flush skin with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical aid if irritation develops or persists. |
| <i>Ingestion</i>          | Induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water. Get medical aid.   |
| <i>Inhalation</i>         | Remove from exposure to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid.               |
| <i>Notes to Physician</i> | Individuals with Wilson's disease are more susceptible to chronic copper poisoning.  |

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### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <i>General Information</i> | As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand (MSHA/NIOSH-approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Dust can be an explosion hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Non-combustible solid in bulk form, but powdered form may ignite. |
| <i>Extinguishing Media</i> | Use extinguishing media most appropriate for the surrounding fire.  |

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## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### *Personal Protection*

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.

### *Environmental Precautions*

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### *Methods for Cleaning Up*

Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the Protective Equipment section. Sweep up, then place into a suitable container for disposal. Avoid generating dusty conditions.

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## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### *Handling*

Use with adequate ventilation. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid ingestion and inhalation.

### *Storage*

Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Do not expose to air.

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## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### *Engineering Controls*

Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below the permissible exposure limits.

### *Exposure Limits*

Chemical Name: Copper

ACGIH: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA (fume); 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA (dusts and mists)

NIOSH: as Cu: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA (dusts and mists); 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA (fume)  
dusts as mists as Cu: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> IDLH

OSHA - Final PELs: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA (fume); 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA (dusts and mists)

OSHA - Vacated PELs: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA (fume, dusts, mists as Cu)

### **Personal Protective Equipment**

#### *Eyes*

Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or by European Standard EN166.

#### *Skin*

Wear appropriate gloves to prevent skin exposure.

#### *Clothing*

Wear appropriate protective clothing to minimize contact with skin.

#### *Respirators*

Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Always use a NIOSH- or European Standard EN 149-approved respirator when necessary.

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## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### **Appearance**

#### *Physical State*

Solid

#### *Appearance*

Red to brown

#### *Odor*

None reported

## Safety Data

|                                  |                    |                 |                      |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| <i>pH</i>                        | Not available      |                 |                      |
| <i>Vapor Pressure</i>            | 1 mm Hg @1628 °C   |                 |                      |
| <i>Vapor Density</i>             | Not available      |                 |                      |
| <i>Evaporation Rate</i>          | Not applicable     |                 |                      |
| <i>Viscosity</i>                 | Not applicable     |                 |                      |
| <i>Boiling Point</i>             | 2595 °C            |                 |                      |
| <i>Freezing/Melting Point</i>    | 1083 °C            |                 |                      |
| <i>Autoignition Temperature</i>  | Not applicable     |                 |                      |
| <i>Flash Point</i>               | Not applicable     |                 |                      |
| <i>Decomposition Temperature</i> | Not available      |                 |                      |
| <i>NFPA Rating (estimated)</i>   | Health Hazard: 2   | Flammability: 1 | Reactivity Hazard: 0 |
| <i>Explosion Limits:</i>         |                    |                 |                      |
| <i>Lower</i>                     | Not available      |                 |                      |
| <i>Upper</i>                     | Not available      |                 |                      |
| <i>Solubility</i>                | Insoluble in water |                 |                      |
| <i>Specific Gravity/Density</i>  | 8.92               |                 |                      |
| <i>Chemical Formula</i>          | Cu                 |                 |                      |
| <i>Molecular Weight</i>          | 63.546 g/mol       |                 |                      |

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## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <i>Chemical Stability</i>                     | Stable at room temperature in closed containers under normal storage and handling conditions   |
| <i>Conditions to Avoid</i>                    | Incompatible materials, dust generation, moisture, exposure to air   |
| <i>Incompatibilities with Other Materials</i> | Liquid copper explodes on contact with water. Reacts violently with ammonium nitrate, bromates, iodates, chlorates, ethylene oxide, hydrazoic acid, potassium oxide, dimethyl sulfoxide + trichloroacetic acid, hydrogen peroxide, sodium peroxide, sodium azide, sulfuric acid, hydrogen sulfide + air, and lead azide. Ignites on contact with chlorine, fluorine (above 121 °C), chlorine trifluoride, and hydrazinium nitrate (above 70 °C). Incompatible with 1-bromo-2-propyne, potassium dioxide, and acetylenic compounds. |
| <i>Hazardous Decomposition Products</i>       | Copper fumes   |
| <i>Hazardous Polymerization</i>               | Has not been reported  |

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## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

|                  |               |
|------------------|---------------|
| <i>RTECS No.</i> | GL5325000     |
| <i>CAS No.</i>   | 7440-50-8     |
| <i>LD50/LC50</i> | Not available |

### Carcinogenicity:

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NIOSH, NTP, or OSHA. |  |
| <i>Epidemiology</i>                             | No data available  |
| <i>Teratogenicity</i>                           | Experimental studies show teratogenic effects in laboratory animals. |
| <i>Reproductive Effects</i>                     | No data available  |
| <i>Neurotoxicity</i>                            | No data available  |
| <i>Mutagenicity</i>                             | No data available  |
| <i>Other Studies</i>                            | Experimental studies show tumorigenic effects in laboratory animals. |

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## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Toxicity

*Toxicity to Fish*

Mortality LOEC - *Oncorhynchus mykiss* (rainbow trout) - 0.022 mg/l - 96 h

*Toxicity to Daphnia and  
Other Aquatic Invertebrates*

Mortality NOEC - *Daphnia* - 0.004 mg/l - 24 h  
EC50 - *Daphnia magna* (water flea) - 0.04 - 0.05 mg/l - 48 h

### Persistence and Degradability

No data available

### Bioaccumulative Potential

Bioaccumulation - *Cyprinus carpio* (Carp) - 40 d- 200 mg/l  
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 108

### Mobility in Soil

No data available

### Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available, as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

### Other Adverse Effects

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects.  
Avoid release to the environment.

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## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Product

Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

### Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of as unused product. Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

### RCRA P-Series

None listed

### RCRA U-Series

None listed

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## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### DOT:

*Proper Shipping Name*

None

*Non-Hazardous for Transport*

This substance is considered to be non-hazardous for transport.

### IATA:

*Non-Hazardous for Air Transport*

Non-hazardous for air transport

Contact ISOFLEX for other transportation information.

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## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### REACH No.

A registration number is not available for this substance, as the substance or its uses are exempted from registration, the annual tonnage does not require a registration, or the registration is envisaged for a later registration deadline.

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>SARA 302 Components</b>                    | No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.   |
| <b>SARA 313 Components</b>                    | The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313: Copper, CAS No. 7440-50-8, Revision Date: 2007-07-01 |
| <b>SARA 311/312 Hazards</b>                   | Fire Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard  |
| <b>Massachusetts Right to Know Components</b> | Copper, CAS No.7440-50-8, Revision Date 2007-07-01  |
| <b>Pennsylvania Right to Know Components</b>  | Copper, CAS No. 7440-50-8, Revision Date 2007-07-01   |
| <b>New Jersey Right to Know Components</b>    | Copper, CAS No. 7440-50-8, Revision Date 2007-07-01   |
| <b>California Prop. 65 Components</b>         | This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or any other reproductive harm.                   |

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## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| Prepared By     | ISOFLEX USA<br>PO Box 472615<br>San Francisco CA 94147<br>United States |
| Issuing Date    | January 12, 2014  |
| Revision Date   | April 23, 2024  |
| Revision Number | 5   |
| Revision Note   | Update Supplier Address   |

### ISOFLEX USA's Commonly Used Abbreviations and Acronyms\*

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| ACGIH  | American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists                           |
| ADR    | European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road |
| ALARA  | As Low As Is Reasonably Achievable  |
| AMU    | Atomic Mass Unit  |
| CAS    | Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)              |
| CEN    | European Committee for Standardization  |
| CLP    | Classification, Labelling and Packaging (European Union)                            |
| CPR    | Controlled Products Regulations (Canada)  |
| CWA    | Clean Water Act (USA)   |
| DAC    | Derived Air Concentration (USA)   |
| DOE    | United States Department of Energy (USA)  |
| DOT    | United States Department of Transportation (USA)                                    |
| DSL    | Domestic Substances List (Canada)   |
| EC50   | Half Maximal Effective Concentration  |
| EINECS | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances                       |
| EHS    | Environmentally Hazardous Substance   |
| ELINCS | European List of Notified Chemical Substances                                       |
| EMS    | Emergency Response Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods                    |
| EPA    | Environmental Protection Agency (USA)   |
| GHS    | Globally Harmonized System  |
| HMIS   | Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)                                     |

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| IARC   | International Agency for Research on Cancer                                   |
| IATA   | International Air Transport Association                                       |
| IBC    | Intermediate Bulk Containers  |
| ICAO   | International Civil Aviation Organization                                     |
| IDLH   | Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health                                       |
| IMDG   | International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods                               |
| LC50   | Lethal concentration, 50 percent  |
| LD50   | Lethal dose, 50 percent   |
| LOEC   | Lowest-Observed-Effective Concentration                                       |
| MARPOL | International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships           |
| MSHA   | Mine Safety and Health Administration (USA)                                   |
| NCRP   | National Council on Radiation Protection & Measurements (USA)                 |
| NDSL   | Non-Domestic Substances List (Canada)   |
| NFPA   | National Fire Protection Association (USA)                                    |
| NIOSH  | National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (USA)                   |
| NOEC   | No Observed Effect Concentration  |
| N.O.S. | Not Otherwise Specified   |
| NTP    | National Toxicology Program (USA)   |
| OSHA   | Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)                           |
| PBT    | Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic Chemical                                 |
| PEL    | Permissible Exposure Limit  |
| PIH    | Poisonous by Inhalation Hazard  |
| RCRA   | Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (USA)                                  |
| REACH  | Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (Europe) |
| RID    | Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail |
| RTECS  | Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances                              |
| SARA   | Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (USA)                            |
| TDG    | Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada)                                    |
| TIH    | Toxic by Inhalation Hazard  |
| TLV    | Threshold Limit Value   |
| TSCA   | Toxic Substances Control Act  |
| TWA    | Time Weighted Average   |
| UN     | United Nations (Number)   |
| VOC    | Volatile Organic Compound   |
| vPvB   | Very Persistent Very Bioaccumulative Chemical                                 |
| WGK    | Wassergefährdungsklassen (Germany: Water Hazard Classes)                      |
| WHMIS  | Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System                              |

\*One or more of the above-listed items may not appear in this document.

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